
python-mobilitydb Documentation

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`python-mobilitydb` is a database adapter to access [MobilityDB](#) from Python. It supports both the [psycopg2](#) and the [asyncpg](#) adapters for PostgreSQL and uses the [postgis](#) adapter for PostGIS.

INSTALLATION

1.1 Requirements

`python-mobilitydb` has several dependencies beyond an installation of Python 3.x:

- `psycopg2` or `asyncpg` to connect to PostgreSQL,
- `postgis` to connect to PostGIS,
- `Spans` for an implementation of PostgreSQL's range types,
- `python-dateutil` for extensions to the standard datetime module,
- `parsec` for parsing.

1.2 Python Package Index

`python-mobilitydb` may be installed from PyPI.

```
$ pip install python-mobilitydb
```

1.3 Source

The package sources are available at <https://github.com/MobilityDB/MobilityDB-python>. Building and installing `python-mobilitydb` from source can be done with `setuptools`:

```
$ python setup.py install
```

1.3.1 Tests

Tests require `pytest` and `pytest-asyncio`.

```
$ pytest
```

The PostgreSQL database server must be started before launching the tests.

1.3.2 Documentation

Building the documentation from source requires [Sphinx](#). By default, the documentation will be rendered in HTML:

```
$ python setup.py build_sphinx
```

For other documentation output formats, see the options in the `docs` subdirectory:

```
$ cd docs
$ make
```


BASIC USAGE

`python-mobilitydb` is a Python converter to and from the temporal types provided by `MobilityDB`, that is `tbool`, `tint`, `tfloat`, `ttext`, `tgeopoint`, and `tgeogpoint`.

2.1 TBool, TInt, and TText

Classes `TBool`, `TInt`, and `TText` represent, respectively, temporal Booleans, temporal integers, and temporal strings. These classes have in common that their base type is discrete. As a consequence of this, the interpolation for the instances of sequence or sequence set subtype is stepwise. We illustrate next how to create new instances of the `TInt` class, the creation of instances of the `TBool` and `TText` classes is similar.

New `TInt` instances can be created by using one of its subclasses `TIntInst`, `TIntInstSet`, `TIntSeq`, or `TIntSeqSet`.

New `TIntInst` instances can be created either with a single string argument as in `MobilityDB` or with two arguments: the value and the timestamp.

```
>>> from dateutil.parser import parse
>>> from mobilitydb import TIntInst
>>> TIntInst("1@2020-01-01 00:00:00+01")
>>> TIntInst("1", "2020-01-01 00:00:00+01")
>>> TIntInst(1, parse("2020-01-01 00:00:00+01"))
```

New `TIntInstSet` instances can be created either with a single string argument as in `MobilityDB` or with a tuple or list of the composing instants.

```
>>> from mobilitydb import TIntInstSet
>>> TIntInstSet("{1@2020-01-01, 2@2020-01-02}")
>>> TIntInstSet(["1@2020-01-01", "2@2020-01-02"])
>>> TIntInstSet("1@2020-01-01", "2@2020-01-02")
>>> TIntInstSet(TIntInst(1, "2020-01-01"), TIntInst(2, "2020-01-02"))
```

New `TIntSeq` instances can be created either with a single string argument as in `MobilityDB` or with several arguments: the list of composing instants, the left inclusion flag, and the right inclusion flag, where only the first argument is mandatory.

```
>>> from mobilitydb import TIntSeq
>>> TIntSeq("[1@2020-01-01, 2@2020-01-02]")
>>> TIntSeq(["1@2020-01-01", "2@2020-01-02"], lower_inc=True, upper_inc=True)
>>> TIntSeq([TIntInst(1, "2020-01-01"), TIntInst(2, "2020-01-02")], lower_inc=True,
↳upper_inc=True)
```

Finally, new *TIntSeqSet* instances can be created either with a single string argument as in MobilityDB or with a single argument: the list of composing sequences.

```
>>> from mobilitydb import TIntSeqSet
>>> TIntSeqSet("{[1@2020-01-01, 2@2020-01-02], [2@2020-01-03, 1@2020-01-04]}")
>>> TIntSeqSet(["[1@2020-01-01, 2@2020-01-02]", "[2@2020-01-03, 1@2020-01-04]"])
>>> TIntSeqSet([TIntSeq("[1@2020-01-01, 2@2020-01-02]"), TIntSeq("[2@2020-01-03, 1@2020-01-04]")])
```

2.2 TFloat

Class *TFloat* represents temporal floats. Since the base type of *TFloat* is continuous, the interpolation for instances of the sequence or sequence set subtype may be either linear or stepwise, the former being the default.

New *TFloat* instances can be created by using one of its subclasses *TFloatInst*, *TFloatInstSet*, *TFloatSeq*, or *TFloatSeqSet*.

New *TFloatInst* instances can be created either with a single string argument as in MobilityDB or with two arguments: the value and the timestamp.

```
>>> from dateutil.parser import parse
>>> from mobilitydb import TFloatInst
>>> TFloatInst("1.0@2020-01-01 00:00:00+01")
>>> TFloatInst("1.0", "2020-01-01 00:00:00+01")
>>> TFloatInst(1.0, parse("2020-01-01 00:00:00+01"))
```

New *TFloatInstSet* instances can be created either with a single string argument as in MobilityDB or with a tuple or list of the composing instants.

```
>>> from mobilitydb import TFloatInstSet
>>> TFloatInstSet("{1.0@2020-01-01, 2.0@2020-01-02}")
>>> TFloatInstSet(["1.0@2020-01-01", "2.0@2020-01-02"])
>>> TFloatInstSet("1.0@2020-01-01", "2.0@2020-01-02")
>>> TFloatInstSet(TFloatInst("1.0@2020-01-01"), TFloatInst("2.0@2020-01-02"))
```

New *TFloatSeq* instances can be created either with a single string argument as in MobilityDB or with several arguments: the list of composing instants, the left inclusion flag, the right inclusion flag, and the interpolation, where only the first argument is mandatory.

```
>>> from mobilitydb import TFloatSeq
>>> TFloatSeq("[1.0@2020-01-01, 2.0@2020-01-02]")
>>> TFloatSeq("Interp=Stepwise;[1.0@2020-01-01, 2.0@2020-01-02]")
>>> TFloatSeq(["1.0@2020-01-01", "2.0@2020-01-02"], lower_inc=True, upper_inc=True,
↳interp='Stepwise')
```

Finally, new *TFloatSeqSet* instances can be created either with a single string argument as in MobilityDB or with two arguments: the list of composing sequences and the interpolation, where only the first argument is mandatory.

```
>>> from mobilitydb import TFloatSeqSet
>>> TFloatSeqSet("{[1.0@2020-01-01, 2.0@2020-01-02], [2.0@2020-01-03, 1.0@2020-01-04]}")
↳")
>>> TFloatSeqSet(["[1.0@2020-01-01, 2.0@2020-01-02]", "[2.0@2020-01-03, 1.0@2020-01-04]"],
↳interp='Stepwise')
```

2.3 TGeomPoint and TGeogPoint

Class *TGeomPoint* represents temporal geometric points with Cartesian (planar) coordinates while *TGeogPoint* represents geographic points with geodetic (spherical) coordinates. Since the base type of these classes is continuous, the interpolation for the instances of sequence or sequence set subtype may be either linear or stepwise, the former being the default. We illustrate next how to create instances of the *TGeomPoint* class, the creation of instances of the *TGeogPoint* class is similar.

New *TGeomPoint* instances can be created by using one of its subclasses *TGeomPointInst*, *TGeomPointInstSet*, *TGeomPointSeq*, or *TGeomPointSeqSet*.

New *TGeomPointInst* instances can be created either with a single string argument as in MobilityDB or with several arguments: the value, the timestamp, and the SRID, the latter being optional. In both cases, the value of the point can be specified using a Well-Known Text (WKT) or Well-Known Binary (WKB) representation as well as its format variations Extended Well-Known Text (EWKT) and Extended Well-Known Binary (EWKB).

```
>>> from dateutil.parser import parse
>>> from postgis import Point
>>> from mobilitydb import TGeomPointInst
>>> TGeomPointInst("POINT(1 1)@2020-01-01 00:00:00+01")
>>> TGeomPointInst("SRID=4326;POINT(1 1)@2020-01-01 00:00:00+01")
>>> TGeomPointInst("01010000000000000000000004AC00000000000000000@2020-01-01")
>>> TGeomPointInst("POINT(1 1)", "2020-01-01 00:00:00+01", srid=4326)
>>> TGeomPointInst(Point(1, 1), parse("2020-01-01 00:00:00+01"), srid=4326)
```

New *TGeomPointInstSet* instances can be created either with a single string argument as in MobilityDB or with two arguments: the list of composing instants and the SRID, the latter being optional.

```
>>> from mobilitydb import TGeomPointInstSet
>>> TGeomPointInstSet("{POINT(1 1)@2020-01-01, POINT(2 2)@2020-01-02}")
>>> TGeomPointInstSet(["POINT(1 1)@2020-01-01", "POINT(2 2)@2020-01-02"], srid=4326)
>>> TGeomPointInstSet([TGeomPointInst("POINT(1 1)@2020-01-01"), TGeomPointInst(
↳ "POINT(2 2)@2020-01-02")], srid=4326)
```

New *TGeomPointSeq* instances can be created either with a single string argument as in MobilityDB or with several arguments: the list of composing instants, the left inclusion flag, the right inclusion flag, the interpolation, and the SRID, where only the first argument is mandatory.

```
>>> from mobilitydb import TGeomPointSeq
>>> TGeomPointSeq("[POINT(1 1)@2020-01-01, POINT(2 2)@2020-01-02]")
>>> TGeomPointSeq("SRID=4326;[POINT(1 1)@2020-01-01, POINT(2 2)@2020-01-02]")
>>> TGeomPointSeq("SRID=4326, Interp=Stepwise;[POINT(1 1)@2020-01-01, POINT(2 2)@2020-
↳ 01-02]")
>>> TGeomPointSeq(["POINT(1 1)@2020-01-01", "POINT(2 2)@2020-01-02"], lower_inc= True,
↳ upper_inc=True, interp='Stepwise', srid=4326)
>>> TGeomPointSeq([TGeomPointInst("POINT(1 1)@2020-01-01"), TGeomPointInst("POINT(2
↳ 2)@2020-01-02")], lower_inc= True, upper_inc=True, interp='Stepwise', srid=4326)
```

Finally, new *TGeomPointSeqSet* instances can be created either with a single string argument as in MobilityDB or with several arguments: the list of composing sequences, the interpolation, and the SRID, where only the first argument is mandatory.

```
>>> from mobilitydb import TGeomPointSeqSet
>>> TGeomPointSeqSet("{[POINT(1 1)@2020-01-01, POINT(2 2)@2020-01-02], [POINT(2
↳ 2)@2020-01-03, POINT(1 1)@2020-01-04]}")
>>> TGeomPointSeqSet("SRID=4326;{[POINT(1 1)@2020-01-01, POINT(2 2)@2020-01-02],
↳ [POINT(2 2)@2020-01-03, POINT(1 1)@2020-01-04]}")
```

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```
>>> TGeomPointSeqSet(["[POINT(1 1)@2020-01-01, POINT(2 2)@2020-01-02]", "[POINT(2_
↳ 2)@2020-01-03, POINT(1 1)@2020-01-04]"], interp='Stepwise', srid=4326)
>>> TGeomPointSeqSet([TGeomPointSeq("[POINT(1 1)@2020-01-01, POINT(2 2)@2020-01-02]"),
↳ TGeomPointSeq("[POINT(2 2)@2020-01-03, POINT(1 1)@2020-01-04]"), interp='Stepwise
↳ ', srid=4326)
```

API REFERENCE

3.1 Time Types

class `mobilitydb.time.Period` (*lower, upper=None, lower_inc=None, upper_inc=None*)

Class for representing sets of contiguous timestamps between a lower and an upper bound. The bounds may be inclusive or not.

Period objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> Period('(2019-09-08 00:00:00+01, 2019-09-10 00:00:00+01)')
```

Another possibility is to give a tuple of arguments as follows:

- `lower` and `upper` are instances of `str` or `datetime` specifying the bounds,
- `lower_inc` and `upper_inc` are instances of `bool` specifying whether the bounds are inclusive or not. By default, `lower_inc` is `True` and `upper_inc` is `False`.

Some examples are given next.

```
>>> Period('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01', '2019-09-10 00:00:00+01')
>>> Period('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01', '2019-09-10 00:00:00+01', False, True)
>>> Period(parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'), parse('2019-09-10 00:00:00+01'))
>>> Period(parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'), parse('2019-09-10 00:00:00+01'),
↳False, True)
```

lower

Lower bound

upper

Upper bound

lower_inc

Is the lower bound inclusive?

upper_inc

Is the upper bound inclusive?

duration

Time interval on which the period is defined

shift (*timedelta*)

Shift the period by a time interval

overlap (*other*)

Do the periods share a timestamp?

contains_timestamp (*datetime*)

Does the period contain the timestamp?

class `mobilitydb.time.TimestampSet` (**argv*)

Class for representing lists of distinct timestamp values.

`TimestampSet` objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in `MobilityDB`.

```
>>> TimestampSet('{2019-09-08 00:00:00+01, 2019-09-10 00:00:00+01, 2019-09-11_
↳00:00:00+01}')
```

Another possibility is to give a tuple or list of composing timestamps, which can be instances of `str` or `datetime`. The composing timestamps must be given in increasing order.

```
>>> TimestampSet(['2019-09-08 00:00:00+01', '2019-09-10 00:00:00+01', '2019-09-11_
↳00:00:00+01'])
>>> TimestampSet([parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'), parse('2019-09-10 00:00:00+01
↳'), parse('2019-09-11 00:00:00+01')])
>>> TimestampSet('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01', '2019-09-10 00:00:00+01', '2019-09-11_
↳00:00:00+01')
>>> TimestampSet(parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'), parse('2019-09-10 00:00:00+01'),
↳ parse('2019-09-11 00:00:00+01'))
```

timespan

Interval on which the timestamp set is defined ignoring the potential time gaps

period

Period on which the timestamp set is defined ignoring the potential time gaps

numTimestamps

Number of timestamps

startTimestamp

Start timestamp

endTimestamp

End timestamp

timestampN (*n*)

N-th timestamp

timestamps

Distinct timestamps

shift (*timedelta*)

Shift the timestamp set by a time interval

class `mobilitydb.time.PeriodSet` (**argv*)

Class for representing lists of disjoint periods.

`PeriodSet` objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in `MobilityDB`.

```
>>> PeriodSet('{[2019-09-08 00:00:00+01, 2019-09-10 00:00:00+01], [2019-09-11_
↳00:00:00+01, 2019-09-12 00:00:00+01]}')
```

Another possibility is to give a list or tuple specifying the composing periods, which can be instances of `str` or `Period`. The composing periods must be given in increasing order.

```
>>> PeriodSet(['[2019-09-08 00:00:00+01, 2019-09-10 00:00:00+01]', '[2019-09-11_
↳00:00:00+01, 2019-09-12 00:00:00+01]'])
>>> PeriodSet([Period('[2019-09-08 00:00:00+01, 2019-09-10 00:00:00+01]'), Period(
↳ '[2019-09-11 00:00:00+01, 2019-09-12 00:00:00+01]')])
```

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```
>>> PeriodSet('[2019-09-08 00:00:00+01, 2019-09-10 00:00:00+01]', '[2019-09-11_
↳00:00:00+01, 2019-09-12 00:00:00+01]')
>>> PeriodSet(Period('[2019-09-08 00:00:00+01, 2019-09-10 00:00:00+01]'), Period(
↳'[2019-09-11 00:00:00+01, 2019-09-12 00:00:00+01]'))
```

duration

Time interval on which the period set is defined

timespan

Time interval on which the period set is defined

period

Period on which the period set is defined ignoring the potential time gaps

numTimestamps

Number of distinct timestamps

startTimestamp

Start timestamp

endTimestamp

End timestamp

timestampN (*n*)

N-th distinct timestamp

timestamps

Distinct timestamps

numPeriods

Number of periods

startPeriod

Start period

endPeriod

End period

periodN (*n*)

N-th period

periods

Periods

shift (*timedelta*)

Shift the period set by a time interval

3.2 Temporal Types

class mobilitydb.temporal.Temporal

Bases: object

Abstract class for representing temporal values of any subtype.

BaseClass = None

Class of the base type, for example, float for TFloat

BaseClassDiscrete = None

Boolean value that states whether the base type is discrete or not, for example, True for int and False for float

ComponentClass = None

Class of the components, for example,

1. TFloatInst for both TFloatI and TFloatSeq
2. TFloatSeq for TFloatS.

classmethod tempSubtype()

Subtype of the temporal value, that is, one of 'Instant', 'InstantSet', 'Sequence', or 'SequenceSet'.

getValues

List of distinct values taken by the temporal value.

startValue

Start value.

endValue

End value.

minValue

Minimum value.

maxValue

Maximum value.

valueAtTimestamp (*timestamp*)

Value at timestamp.

getTime

Period set on which the temporal value is defined.

duration

Interval on which the temporal value is defined.

timespan

Interval on which the temporal value is defined ignoring potential time gaps.

period

Period on which the temporal value is defined ignoring potential time gaps.

numInstants

Number of distinct instants.

startInstant

Start instant.

endInstant

End instant.

instantN (*n*)

N-th instant.

instants

List of instants.

numTimestamps

Number of distinct timestamps.

startTimestamp
Start timestamp.

endTimestamp
End timestamp.

timestampN (*n*)
N-th timestamp.

timestamps
List of timestamps.

shift (*timedelta*)
Shift the temporal value by a time interval

intersectsTimestamp (*datetime*)
Does the temporal value intersect the timestamp?

intersectsTimestampSet (*timestampset*)
Does the temporal value intersect the timestamp set?

intersectsPeriod (*period*)
Does the temporal value intersect the period?

intersectsPeriodSet (*periodset*)
Does the temporal value intersect the period set?

class `mobilitydb.temporal.TemporalInstants`
Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.temporal.Temporal`

Abstract class for representing temporal values of instant set or sequence subtype.

getValues
List of distinct values taken by the temporal value.

startValue
Start value.

endValue
End value.

minValue
Minimum value.

maxValue
Maximum value.

numInstants
Number of instants.

startInstant
Start instant.

endInstant
End instant.

instantN (*n*)
N-th instant.

instants
List of instants.

numTimestamps
Number of timestamps.

startTimestamp
Start timestamp.

endTimestamp
End timestamp.

timestampN (*n*)
N-th timestamp.

timestamps
List of timestamps.

shift (*timedelta*)
Shift the temporal value by a time interval.

class mobilitydb.temporal.**TInstant** (*value, time=None*)

Bases: mobilitydb.temporal.temporal.Temporal

Abstract class for representing temporal values of instant subtype.

classmethod **tempSubtype** ()
Subtype of the temporal value, that is, 'Instant'.

getValue
Value component.

getValues
List of distinct values.

startValue
Start value.

endValue
End value.

minValue
Minimum value.

maxValue
Maximum value.

valueAtTimestamp (*timestamp*)
Value at timestamp.

getTimestamp
Timestamp.

getTime
Period set on which the temporal value is defined.

duration
Interval on which the temporal value is defined. It is zero for temporal values of instant subtype.

timespan
Interval on which the temporal value is defined ignoring the potential time gaps. It is zero for temporal values of instant subtype.

period
Period on which the temporal value is defined ignoring the potential time gaps.

numInstants
Number of instants.

startInstant

Start instant.

endInstant

End instant.

instantN (*n*)

N-th instant.

instants

List of instants.

numTimestamps

Number of timestamps.

startTimestamp

Start timestamp.

endTimestamp

End timestamp.

timestampN (*n*)

N-th timestamp

timestamps

List of timestamps.

shift (*timedelta*)

Shift the temporal value by a time interval.

intersectsTimestamp (*timestamp*)

Does the temporal value intersect the timestamp?

intersectsPeriod (*period*)

Does the temporal value intersect the period?

class mobilitydb.temporal.**TInstantSet** (**argv*)

Bases: mobilitydb.temporal.temporalinstants.TemporalInstants

Abstract class for representing temporal values of instant set subtype.

classmethod **tempSubtype** ()

Subtype of the temporal value, that is, 'InstantSet'.

valueAtTimestamp (*timestamp*)

Value at timestamp.

getTime

Period set on which the temporal value is defined.

duration

Interval on which the temporal value is defined. It is zero for temporal values of instant set subtype.

timespan

Interval on which the temporal value is defined ignoring the potential time gaps.

period

Period on which the temporal value is defined ignoring the potential time gaps.

intersectsTimestamp (*timestamp*)

Does the temporal value intersect the timestamp?

intersectsPeriod (*period*)

Does the temporal value intersect the period?

class `mobilitydb.temporal.TSequence` (*instantList*, *lower_inc=None*, *upper_inc=None*, *interp=None*)

Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.temporalinstants.TemporalInstants`

Abstract class for representing temporal values of sequence subtype.

classmethod `tempSubtype` ()

Subtype of the temporal value, that is, 'Sequence'.

lower_inc

Is the lower bound inclusive?

upper_inc

Is the upper bound inclusive?

valueAtTimestamp (*timestamp*)

Value at timestamp.

getTime

Period set on which the temporal value is defined.

duration

Interval on which the temporal value is defined.

timespan

Interval on which the temporal value is defined.

period

Period on which the temporal value is defined.

numSequences

Number of sequences.

startSequence

Start sequence.

endSequence

End sequence.

sequenceN (*n*)

N-th sequence.

sequences

List of sequences.

intersectsTimestamp (*timestamp*)

Does the temporal value intersect the timestamp?

intersectsPeriod (*period*)

Does the temporal value intersect the period?

class `mobilitydb.temporal.TSequenceSet` (*sequenceList*, *interp=None*)

Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.temporal.Temporal`

Abstract class for representing temporal values of sequence set subtype.

classmethod `tempSubtype` ()

Subtype of the temporal value, that is, 'SequenceSet'.

getValues

List of distinct values taken by the temporal value.

startValue

Start value.

endValue

End value.

minValue

Minimum value.

maxValue

Maximum value.

valueAtTimestamp (*timestamp*)

Value at timestamp.

getTime

Period set on which the temporal value is defined.

duration

Interval on which the period set is defined.

timespan

Interval on which the period set is defined ignoring the potential time gaps.

period

Period on which the temporal value is defined ignoring the potential time gaps.

numInstants

Number of distinct instants.

startInstant

Start instant.

endInstant

End instant.

instantN (*n*)

N-th distinct instant.

instants

List of instants.

numTimestamps

Number of distinct timestamps.

startTimestamp

Start timestamp.

endTimestamp

End timestamp.

timestampN (*n*)

N-th distinct timestamp.

timestamps

List of timestamps.

numSequences

Number of sequences.

startSequence

Start sequence.

endSequence

End sequence.

sequenceN (*n*)

N-th sequence.

sequences

List of sequences.

shift (*timedelta*)

Shift the temporal value by a time interval.

intersectsTimestamp (*timestamp*)

Does the temporal value intersect the timestamp?

intersectsPeriod (*period*)

Does the temporal value intersect the period?

3.3 Box Types

class `mobilitydb.boxes.TBox` (*xmin, tmin=None, xmax=None, tmax=None*)

Bases: `object`

Class for representing bounding boxes with value (X) and/or time (T) dimensions.

TBox objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> TBox("TBOX((1.0, 2000-01-01), (2.0, 2000-01-02))")
>>> TBox("TBOX((1.0,), (2.0,))")
>>> TBox("TBOX(, 2000-01-01), (, 2000-01-02))")
```

Another possibility is to give the bounds in the following order: `xmin, tmin, xmax, tmax`, where the bounds can be instances of `str`, `float` or `datetime`. All arguments are optional but they must be given in pairs for each dimension and at least one pair must be given.

```
>>> TBox("1.0", "2000-01-01", "2.0", "2000-01-02")
>>> TBox(1.0, 2.0)
>>> TBox(parse("2000-01-01"), parse("2000-01-02"))
```

xmin

Minimum X

tmin

Minimum T

xmax

Maximum X

tmax

Maximum T

class `mobilitydb.boxes.STBox` (*bounds, dimt=None, geodetic=None, srid=None*)

Bases: `object`

Class for representing bounding boxes composed of coordinate and/or time dimensions, where the coordinates may be in 2D (X and Y) or in 3D (X, Y, and Z). For each dimension, minimum and maximum values are stored. The coordinates may be either Cartesian (planar) or geodetic (spherical). Additionally, the SRID of coordinates can be specified.

STBox objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```

>>> "STBOX ((1.0, 2.0), (1.0, 2.0))",
>>> "STBOX Z((1.0, 2.0, 3.0), (1.0, 2.0, 3.0))",
>>> "STBOX T((1.0, 2.0, 2001-01-03 00:00:00+01), (1.0, 2.0, 2001-01-03_
↳00:00:00+01))",
>>> "STBOX ZT((1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 2001-01-04 00:00:00+01), (1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 2001-01-04_
↳00:00:00+01))",
>>> "STBOX T(, 2001-01-03 00:00:00+01), (, 2001-01-03 00:00:00+01))",
>>> "GEODSTBOX((1.0, 2.0, 3.0), (1.0, 2.0, 3.0))",
>>> "GEODSTBOX T((1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 2001-01-03 00:00:00+01), (1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 2001-01-
↳04 00:00:00+01))",
>>> "GEODSTBOX T((, 2001-01-03 00:00:00+01), (, 2001-01-03 00:00:00+01))",
>>> "SRID=5676;STBOX T((1.0, 2.0, 2001-01-04), (1.0, 2.0, 2001-01-04))",
>>> "SRID=4326;GEODSTBOX((1.0, 2.0, 3.0), (1.0, 2.0, 3.0))",

```

Another possibility is to give the bounds in the following order: xmin, ymin, zmin, tmin, xmax, ymax, zmax, tmax, where the bounds can be instances of str, float and datetime. All arguments are optional but they must be given in pairs for each dimension and at least one pair must be given. When three pairs are given, by default, the third pair will be interpreted as representing the Z dimension unless the dimt parameter is given. Finally, the geodetic parameter determines whether the coordinates in the bounds are planar or spherical.

```

>>> STBox((1.0, 2.0, 1.0, 2.0))
>>> STBox((1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0))
>>> STBox((1.0, 2.0, '2001-01-03', 1.0, 2.0, '2001-01-03'), dimt=True)
>>> STBox((1.0, 2.0, 3.0, '2001-01-04', 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, '2001-01-04'))
>>> STBox(('2001-01-03', '2001-01-03'))
>>> STBox((1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0), geodetic=True)
>>> STBox((1.0, 2.0, 3.0, '2001-01-04', 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, '2001-01-03'),_
↳geodetic=True)
>>> STBox((1.0, 2.0, 3.0, '2001-01-04', 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, '2001-01-03'),_
↳geodetic=True, srid=4326)
>>> STBox(('2001-01-03', '2001-01-03'), geodetic=True)

```

xmin
Minimum X

ymin
Minimum Y

zmin
Minimum Z

tmin
Minimum T

xmax
Maximum X

ymax
Maximum Y

zmax
Maximum Z

tmax
Maximum T

geodetic
Is the box is geodetic?

srid

SRID of the geographic coordinates

3.4 Main Types

class `mobilitydb.main.TBool`Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.temporal.Temporal`

Abstract class for representing temporal Booleans of any subtype.

BaseClassalias of `builtins.bool`**class** `mobilitydb.main.TBoolInst` (*value, time=None*)Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.tinstant.TInstant`, `mobilitydb.main.tbool.TBool`

Class for representing temporal Booleans of instant subtype.

TBoolInst objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> TBoolInst('true@2019-09-01')
```

Another possibility is to give the value and the time arguments, which can be instances of `str`, `bool`, or `datetime`.

```
>>> TBoolInst('True', '2019-09-08 00:00:00+01')
>>> TBoolInst(['True', '2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TBoolInst(True, parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'))
>>> TBoolInst([True, parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01')])
```

class `mobilitydb.main.TBoolInstSet` (**argv*)Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.tinstantset.TInstantSet`, `mobilitydb.main.tbool.TBool`

Class for representing temporal Booleans of instant set subtype.

TBoolInstSet objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> TBoolInstSet('AA@2019-09-01')
```

Another possibility is to give a tuple or list of arguments, which can be instances of `str` or `TBoolInst`.

```
>>> TBoolInstSet('AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'BB@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01',
↳ 'AA@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')
>>> TBoolInstSet(TBoolInst('AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TBoolInst('BB@2019-09-02_
↳ 00:00:00+01'), TBoolInst('AA@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'))
>>> TBoolInstSet(['AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'BB@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01',
↳ 'AA@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TBoolInstSet([TBoolInst('AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TBoolInst('BB@2019-09-
↳ 02 00:00:00+01'), TBoolInst('AA@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')])
```

ComponentClassalias of `TBoolInst`**class** `mobilitydb.main.TBoolSeq` (*instantList, lower_inc=None, upper_inc=None*)Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.tsequence.TSequence`, `mobilitydb.main.tbool.TBool`

Class for representing temporal Booleans of sequence subtype.

TBoolSeq objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.


```
>>> TBoolSeq(['true@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01, false@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, ↵
↳true@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])
```

Another possibility is to give the arguments as follows.

- `instantList` is the list of composing instants, which can be instances of `str` or `TBoolInst`,
- `lower_inc` and `upper_inc` are instances of `bool` specifying whether the bounds are inclusive or not. By default `lower_inc` is `True` and `upper_inc` is `False`.

Some examples are given next.

```
>>> TBoolSeq(['true@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'false@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01',
↳'true@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TBoolSeq(TBoolInst('true@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TBoolInst('false@2019-09-
↳02 00:00:00+01'), TBoolInst('true@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'))
>>> TBoolSeq(['true@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'false@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01',
↳'true@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'], True, True)
>>> TBoolSeq([TBoolInst('true@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TBoolInst('false@2019-09-
↳02 00:00:00+01'), TBoolInst('true@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')], True, True)
```

ComponentClass

alias of `TBoolInst`

classmethod interpolation()

Interpolation of the temporal value, that is, 'Stepwise'.

class `mobilitydb.main.TBoolSeqSet` (*sequenceList*)

Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.tsequenceset.TSequenceSet`, `mobilitydb.main.tbool.TBool`

Class for representing temporal Booleans of sequence set subtype.

`TBoolSeqSet` objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in `MobilityDB`.

```
>>> TBoolSeqSet('{[true@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01], [false@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, ↵
↳true@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]}')
```

Another possibility is to give the list of composing sequences, which can be instances of `str` or `TBoolSeq`.

```
>>> TBoolSeqSet(['[true@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]', '[false@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, ↵
↳true@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]'])
>>> TBoolSeqSet([TBoolSeq('true@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TBoolSeq('false@2019-
↳09-02 00:00:00+01, true@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]')])
>>> TBoolSeqSet([TBoolSeq('true@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TBoolSeq('false@2019-
↳09-02 00:00:00+01, true@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]')])
```

ComponentClass

alias of `TBoolSeq`

classmethod interpolation()

Interpolation of the temporal value, that is, 'Stepwise'.

class `mobilitydb.main.TInt`

Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.temporal.Temporal`

Abstract class for representing temporal integers of any subtype.

BaseClass

alias of `builtins.int`

valueRange

Range of values taken by the temporal value as defined by its minimum and maximum value

class `mobilitydb.main.TIntInst` (*value, time=None*)

Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.tinstant.TInstant`, `mobilitydb.main.tint.TInt`

Class for representing temporal integers of instant subtype.

`TIntInst` objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in `MobilityDB`.

```
>>> TIntInst('10@2019-09-01')
```

Another possibility is to give the value and the time arguments, which can be instances of `str`, `int` or `datetime`.

```
>>> TIntInst('10', '2019-09-08 00:00:00+01')
>>> TIntInst(['10', '2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TIntInst(10, parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'))
>>> TIntInst([10, parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01')])
```

class `mobilitydb.main.TIntInstSet` (**argv*)

Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.tinstantset.TInstantSet`, `mobilitydb.main.tint.TInt`

Class for representing temporal integers of instant set subtype.

`TIntInstSet` objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in `MobilityDB`.

```
>>> TIntInstSet('10@2019-09-01')
```

Another possibility is to give a tuple or list of composing instants, which can be instances of `str` or `TIntInst`.

```
>>> TIntInstSet('10@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', '20@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01',
↳ '10@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')
>>> TIntInstSet(TIntInst('10@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TIntInst('20@2019-09-02_
↳ 00:00:00+01'), TIntInst('10@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'))
>>> TIntInstSet(['10@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', '20@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01',
↳ '10@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TIntInstSet([TIntInst('10@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TIntInst('20@2019-09-02_
↳ 00:00:00+01'), TIntInst('10@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')])
```

ComponentClass

alias of `TIntInst`

class `mobilitydb.main.TIntSeq` (*instantList, lower_inc=None, upper_inc=None*)

Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.tsequence.TSequence`, `mobilitydb.main.tint.TInt`

Class for representing temporal integers of sequence subtype.

`TIntSeq` objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in `MobilityDB`.

```
>>> TIntSeq('[10@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01, 20@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, 10@2019-09-03_
↳ 00:00:00+01]')
```

Another possibility is to give the arguments as follows:

- `instantList` is the list of composing instants, which can be instances of `str` or `TIntInst`,
- `lower_inc` and `upper_inc` are instances of `bool` specifying whether the bounds are inclusive or not. By default `lower_inc` is `True` and `upper_inc` is `False`.

Some examples are given next.

```
>>> TIntSeq(['10@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', '20@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', '10@2019-
↳09-03 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TIntSeq([TIntInst('10@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TIntInst('20@2019-09-02_
↳00:00:00+01'), TIntInst('10@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')])
>>> TIntSeq(['10@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', '20@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', '10@2019-
↳09-03 00:00:00+01'], True, True)
>>> TIntSeq([TIntInst('10@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TIntInst('20@2019-09-02_
↳00:00:00+01'), TIntInst('10@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')], True, True)
```

ComponentClassalias of *TIntInst***classmethod interpolation()**

Interpolation of the temporal value, that is, 'Stepwise'.

class mobilitydb.main.**TIntSeqSet** (*sequenceList*)

Bases: mobilitydb.temporal.tsequenceset.TSequenceSet, mobilitydb.main.tint.TInt

Class for representing temporal integers of sequence subtype.

TIntSeqSet objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> TIntSeqSet('{[10@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01], [20@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, 10@2019-
↳09-03 00:00:00+01]}')
```

Another possibility is to give the list of composing sequences, which can be instances of `str` or `TIntSeq`.

```
>>> TIntSeqSet(['[10@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]', '[20@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01,
↳10@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]'])
>>> TIntSeqSet([TIntSeq('10@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TIntSeq('20@2019-09-02_
↳00:00:00+01, 10@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')])
>>> TIntSeqSet([TIntSeq('10@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TIntSeq('20@2019-09-02_
↳00:00:00+01, 10@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')])
```

ComponentClassalias of *TIntSeq***classmethod interpolation()**

Interpolation of the temporal value, that is, 'Stepwise'.

class mobilitydb.main.**TFloat**

Bases: mobilitydb.temporal.temporal.Temporal

Abstract class for representing temporal floats of any subtype.

BaseClassalias of `builtins.float`**valueRange**

Range of values taken by the temporal value as defined by its minimum and maximum value

class mobilitydb.main.**TFloatInst** (*value, time=None*)

Bases: mobilitydb.temporal.tinstant.TInstant, mobilitydb.main.tfloat.TFloat

Class for representing temporal floats of instant subtype.

TFloatInst objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> TFloatInst('10.0@2019-09-01')
```

Another possibility is to give the value and the time arguments, which can be instances of `str`, `float` or `datetime`.

```
>>> TFloatInst('10.0', '2019-09-08 00:00:00+01')
>>> TFloatInst(['10.0', '2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TFloatInst(10.0, parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'))
>>> TFloatInst([10.0, parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01')])
```

getValues

List of ranges representing the values taken by the temporal value

class `mobilitydb.main.TFloatInstSet` (*argv)

Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.tinstantset.TInstantSet`, `mobilitydb.main.tfloat.TFloat`

Class for representing temporal floats of instant set subtype.

`TFloatInstSet` objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in `MobilityDB`.

```
>>> TFloatInstSet('10.0@2019-09-01')
```

Another possibility is to give a tuple or list of composing instants, which can be instances of `str` or `TFloatInst`.

```
>>> TFloatInstSet('10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', '20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01',
↳ '10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')
>>> TFloatInstSet(TFloatInst('10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TFloatInst('20.
↳ 0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01'), TFloatInst('10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'))
>>> TFloatInstSet(['10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', '20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01',
↳ '10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TFloatInstSet([TFloatInst('10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TFloatInst('20.
↳ 0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01'), TFloatInst('10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')])
```

ComponentClass

alias of `TFloatInst`

getValues

List of ranges representing the values taken by the temporal value.

class `mobilitydb.main.TFloatSeq` (instantList, lower_inc=None, upper_inc=None, interp=None)

Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.tsequence.TSequence`, `mobilitydb.main.tfloat.TFloat`

Class for representing temporal floats of sequence subtype.

`TFloatSeq` objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in `MobilityDB`.

```
>>> TFloatSeq('[10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01, 20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, 10.
↳ 0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]')
>>> TFloatSeq('Interp=Stepwise;[10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01, 20.0@2019-09-02,
↳ 00:00:00+01, 10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]')
```

Another possibility is to give the arguments as follows:

- `instantList` is the list of composing instants, which can be instances of `str` or `TFloatInst`,
- `lower_inc` and `upper_inc` are instances of `bool` specifying whether the bounds are inclusive or not. By default `lower_inc` is `True` and `upper_inc` is `False`.
- `interp` which is either `'Linear'` or `'Stepwise'`, the former being the default.

Some examples are shown next.

```

>>> TFloatSeq(['10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', '20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', '10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TFloatSeq([TFloatInst('10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TFloatInst('20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01'), TFloatInst('10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')])
>>> TFloatSeq(['10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', '20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', '10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'], True, True, 'Stepwise')
>>> TFloatSeq([TFloatInst('10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TFloatInst('20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01'), TFloatInst('10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')], True, True, 'Stepwise')

```

ComponentClassalias of *TFloatInst***interpolation**

Interpolation of the temporal value, which is either 'Linear' or 'Stepwise'.

getValues

List of ranges representing the values taken by the temporal value.

class mobilitydb.main.**TFloatSeqSet** (*sequenceList*, *interp=None*)

Bases: mobilitydb.temporal.tsequenceset.TSequenceSet, mobilitydb.main.tfloat.TFloat

Class for representing temporal floats of sequence subtype.

TFloatSeqSet objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```

>>> TFloatSeqSet('{[10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01], [20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, 10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]}')
>>> TFloatSeqSet('Interp=Stepwise;{[10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01], [20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, 10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]}')

```

Another possibility is to give the arguments as follows:

- *sequenceList* is a list of composing sequences, which can be instances of *str* or *TFloatSeq*,
- *interp* can be 'Linear' or 'Stepwise', the former being the default.

Some examples are shown next.

```

>>> TFloatSeqSet(['[10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]', '[20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, 10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]'])
>>> TFloatSeqSet(['[10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]', '[20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, 10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]'], 'Linear')
>>> TFloatSeqSet(['Interp=Stepwise;[10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]', 'Interp=Stepwise;[20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, 10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]'], 'Stepwise')
>>> TFloatSeqSet([TFloatSeq('10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TFloatSeq('[20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, 10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]')])
>>> TFloatSeqSet([TFloatSeq('10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TFloatSeq('[20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, 10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]')], 'Linear')
>>> TFloatSeqSet([TFloatSeq('Interp=Stepwise;[10.0@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]'), TFloatSeq('Interp=Stepwise;[20.0@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, 10.0@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]')], 'Stepwise')

```

ComponentClassalias of *TFloatSeq***interpolation**

Interpolation of the temporal value, which is either 'Linear' or 'Stepwise'.

getValues

List of ranges representing the values taken by the temporal value

class mobilitydb.main.TText

Bases: mobilitydb.temporal.temporal.Temporal

Abstract class for representing temporal strings of any subtype.

BaseClass

alias of builtins.str

class mobilitydb.main.TTextInst (*value, time=None*)

Bases: mobilitydb.temporal.tinstant.TInstant, mobilitydb.main.ttext.TText

Class for representing temporal strings of instant subtype.

TTextInst objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> TTextInst('AA@2019-09-01')
```

Another possibility is to give the value and the time arguments, which can be instances of str or datetime.

```
>>> TTextInst('AA', '2019-09-08 00:00:00+01')
>>> TTextInst(['AA', '2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TTextInst('AA', parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'))
>>> TTextInst(['AA', parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01')])
```

class mobilitydb.main.TTextInstSet (**argv*)

Bases: mobilitydb.temporal.tinstantset.TInstantSet, mobilitydb.main.ttext.TText

Class for representing temporal strings of instant set subtype.

TTextInstSet objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> TTextInstSet('AA@2019-09-01')
```

Another possibility is to give a tuple or list of composing instants, which can be instances of str or TTextInst.

```
>>> TTextInstSet('AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'BB@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01',
↳ 'AA@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')
>>> TTextInstSet(TTextInst('AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TTextInst('BB@2019-09-02_
↳ 00:00:00+01'), TTextInst('AA@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'))
>>> TTextInstSet(['AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'BB@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01',
↳ 'AA@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TTextInstSet([TTextInst('AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TTextInst('BB@2019-09-
↳ 02 00:00:00+01'), TTextInst('AA@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')])
```

ComponentClass

alias of *TTextInst*

class mobilitydb.main.TTextSeq (*instantList, lower_inc=None, upper_inc=None*)

Bases: mobilitydb.temporal.tsequence.TSequence, mobilitydb.main.ttext.TText

Class for representing temporal strings of sequence subtype.

TTextSeq objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> TTextSeq(['AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01, BB@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, AA@2019-09-
↳ 03 00:00:00+01'])
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

Another possibility is to give the arguments as follows:

- `instantList` is the list of composing instants, which can be instances of `str` or `TTextInst`,
- `lower_inc` and `upper_inc` are instances of `bool` specifying whether the bounds are inclusive or not. By default `lower_inc` is `True` and `upper_inc` is `False`.

Some examples are given next.

```
>>> TTextSeq(['AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'BB@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', 'AA@2019-
↳ 09-03 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TTextSeq(TTextInst('AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TTextInst('BB@2019-09-02,
↳ 00:00:00+01'), TTextInst('AA@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'))
>>> TTextSeq(['AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'BB@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', 'AA@2019-
↳ 09-03 00:00:00+01'], True, True)
>>> TTextSeq([TTextInst('AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TTextInst('BB@2019-09-02,
↳ 00:00:00+01'), TTextInst('AA@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')], True, True)
```

ComponentClass

alias of `TTextInst`

classmethod interpolation()

Interpolation of the temporal value, that is, 'Stepwise'.

class mobilitydb.main.TTextSeqSet (sequenceList)

Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.tsequenceset.TSequenceSet`, `mobilitydb.main.ttext.TText`

Class for representing temporal strings of sequence subtype.

`TTextSeqSet` objects can be created with a single argument of typestring as in `MobilityDB`.

```
>>> TTextSeqSet('{[AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01], [BB@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01,
↳ AA@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]}')
```

Another possibility is to give the list of composing sequences, which can be instances of `str` or `TTextSeq`.

```
>>> TTextSeqSet(['[AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]', '[BB@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01,
↳ AA@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]'])
>>> TTextSeqSet([TTextSeq('[AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]'), TTextSeq('[BB@2019-09-
↳ 02 00:00:00+01, AA@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]')])
>>> TTextSeqSet([TTextSeq('[AA@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]'), TTextSeq('[BB@2019-09-
↳ 02 00:00:00+01, AA@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]')])
```

ComponentClass

alias of `TTextSeq`

classmethod interpolation()

Interpolation of the temporal value, that is, 'Stepwise'.

class mobilitydb.main.TPointInst (value, time=None, srid=None)

Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.tinstant.TInstant`

Abstract class for representing temporal points of instant subtype.

getValues

Geometry representing the values taken by the temporal value.

class `mobilitydb.main.TPointInstSet (*argv, srid=None)`
Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.tinstantset.TInstantSet`
Abstract class for representing temporal points of instant set subtype.

getValues
Geometry representing the values taken by the temporal value.

class `mobilitydb.main.TPointSeq (instantList, lower_inc=None, upper_inc=None, interp=None, srid=None)`
Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.tsequence.TSequence`
Abstract class for representing temporal points of sequence subtype.

interpolation
Interpolation of the temporal value, which is either 'Linear' or 'Stepwise'.

getValues
Geometry representing the values taken by the temporal value.

class `mobilitydb.main.TPointSeqSet (sequenceList, interp=None, srid=None)`
Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.tsequenceset.TSequenceSet`
Abstract class for representing temporal points of sequence set subtype.

interpolation
Interpolation of the temporal value, which is either 'Linear' or 'Stepwise'.

getValues
Geometry representing the values taken by the temporal value.

class `mobilitydb.main.TGeomPoint`
Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.temporal.Temporal`
Abstract class for representing temporal geometric or geographic points of any subtype.

hasz
Does the temporal point has Z dimension?

srid
Returns the SRID.

class `mobilitydb.main.TGeomPointInst (value, time=None, srid=None)`
Bases: `mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TPointInst, mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TGeomPoint`
Class for representing temporal geometric points of instant subtype.
TGeomPointInst objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> TGeomPointInst ('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01')
>>> TGeomPointInst ('SRID=4326,Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01')
```

Another possibility is to give the value and the time arguments, which can be instances of `str`, `Point` or `datetime`. Additionally, the SRID can be specified, it will be 0 by default if not given.

```
>>> TGeomPointInst ('Point(10.0 10.0)', '2019-09-08 00:00:00+01', 4326)
>>> TGeomPointInst ([Point(10.0 10.0)], '2019-09-08 00:00:00+01', 4326)
>>> TGeomPointInst (Point(10.0, 10.0), parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'), 4326)
>>> TGeomPointInst ([Point(10.0, 10.0), parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'), 4326])
```

class `mobilitydb.main.TGeomPointInstSet (*argv, **kwargs)`
Bases: `mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TPointInstSet, mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TGeomPoint`

Class for representing temporal geometric points of instant set subtype.

TGeomPointInstSet objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> TGeomPointInstSet('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01')
```

Another possibility is to give a tuple or list of arguments specifying the composing instants, which can be instances of `str` or `TGeomPointInst`.

```
>>> TGeomPointInstSet('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', 'Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')
>>> TGeomPointInstSet(TGeomPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TGeomPointInst('Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01'), TGeomPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'))
>>> TGeomPointInstSet(['Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', 'Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TGeomPointInstSet([TGeomPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TGeomPointInst('Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01'), TGeomPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')])
```

ComponentClass

alias of `TGeomPointInst`

```
class mobilitydb.main.TGeomPointSeq(instantList, lower_inc=None, upper_inc=None, interp=None, srid=None)
```

Bases: `mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TPointSeq`, `mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TGeomPoint`

Class for representing temporal geometric points of sequence subtype.

TGeomPointSeq objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> TGeomPointSeq(['Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', 'Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TGeomPointSeq('Interp=Stepwise;[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01, Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]')
```

Another possibility is to give the arguments as follows:

- `instantList` is the list of composing instants, which can be instances of `str` or `TGeomPointInst`,
- `lower_inc` and `upper_inc` are instances of `bool` specifying whether the bounds are inclusive or not, where by default `'lower_inc'` is `True` and `upper_inc` is `False`,
- `interp` which is either `'Linear'` or `'Stepwise'`, the former being the default, and
- `srid` is an integer specifying the SRID

Some examples are shown next.

```
>>> TGeomPointSeq(['Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', 'Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TGeomPointSeq([TGeomPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TGeomPointInst('Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01'), TGeomPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')])
>>> TGeomPointSeq(['Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', 'Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'], True, True, 'Stepwise')
>>> TGeomPointSeq([TGeomPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TGeomPointInst('Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01'), TGeomPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')], True, True, 'Stepwise')
```

ComponentClassalias of *TGeomPointInst***class** `mobilitydb.main.TGeomPointSeqSet` (*sequenceList*, *interp=None*, *srid=None*)Bases: `mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TPointSeqSet`, `mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TGeomPoint`

Class for representing temporal geometric points of sequence subtype.

`TGeomPointSeqSet` objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in `MobilityDB`.

```
>>> TGeomPointSeqSet('{[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01], [Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]}')
>>> TGeomPointSeqSet('Interp=Stepwise;{[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01], [Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]}')
```

Another possibility is to give the arguments as follows:

- `sequenceList` is the list of composing sequences, which can be instances of `str` or `TGeomPointSeq`,
- `interp` can be 'Linear' or 'Stepwise', the former being the default, and
- `srid` is an integer specifying the SRID, if will be 0 by default if not given.

Some examples are shown next.

```
>>> TGeomPointSeqSet(['[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]', '[Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]'])
>>> TGeomPointSeqSet(['[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]', '[Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]'], 'Linear')
>>> TGeomPointSeqSet(['Interp=Stepwise;[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]', 'Interp=Stepwise;[Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]'], 'Stepwise')
>>> TGeomPointSeqSet([TGeomPointSeq('[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]'), TGeomPointSeq('[Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]')])
>>> TGeomPointSeqSet([TGeomPointSeq('[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]'), TGeomPointSeq('[Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]')], 'Linear')
>>> TGeomPointSeqSet([TGeomPointSeq('Interp=Stepwise;[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]'), TGeomPointSeq('Interp=Stepwise;[Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]')], 'Stepwise')
```

ComponentClassalias of *TGeomPointSeq***class** `mobilitydb.main.TGeogPoint`Bases: `mobilitydb.temporal.temporal.Temporal`

Abstract class for representing temporal geographic points of any subtype.

hasz

Does the temporal point has Z dimension?

srid

Returns the SRID.

class `mobilitydb.main.TGeogPointInst` (*value*, *time=None*, *srid=None*)Bases: `mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TPointInst`, `mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TGeogPoint`

Class for representing temporal geographic points of instant subtype.

TGeogPointInst objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> TGeogPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01')
```

Another possibility is to give the value and the time arguments, which can be instances of `str`, `Point` or `datetime`. Additionally, the SRID can be specified, it will be 0 by default if not given.

```
>>> TGeogPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)', '2019-09-08 00:00:00+01')
>>> TGeogPointInst(['Point(10.0 10.0)', '2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TGeogPointInst(Point(10.0, 10.0), parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01'))
>>> TGeogPointInst([Point(10.0, 10.0), parse('2019-09-08 00:00:00+01')])
```

class `mobilitydb.main.TGeogPointInstSet` (**argv, **kwargs*)

Bases: `mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TPointInstSet`, `mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TGeogPoint`

Class for representing temporal geometric points of instant set subtype.

TGeogPointInstSet objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> TGeogPointInstSet('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01')
```

Another possibility is to give a tuple or list of arguments specifying the composing instants, which can be instances of `str` or `TGeogPointInst`.

```
>>> TGeogPointInstSet('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', 'Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')
>>> TGeogPointInstSet(TGeogPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TGeogPointInst('Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01'), TGeogPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'))
>>> TGeogPointInstSet(['Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', 'Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TGeogPointInstSet([TGeogPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TGeogPointInst('Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01'), TGeogPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')])
```

ComponentClass

alias of `TGeogPointInst`

class `mobilitydb.main.TGeogPointSeq` (*instantList, lower_inc=None, upper_inc=None, interp=None, srid=None*)

Bases: `mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TPointSeq`, `mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TGeogPoint`

Class for representing temporal geographic points of sequence subtype.

TGeogPointSeq objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in MobilityDB.

```
>>> TGeogPointSeq(['Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', 'Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TGeogPointSeq('Interp=Stepwise;[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01, Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]')
```

Another possibility is to give the arguments as follows:

- `instantList` is the list of composing instants, which can be instances of `str` or `TGeogPointInst`,
- `lower_inc` and `upper_inc` are instances of `bool` specifying whether the bounds are inclusive or not, where by default `'lower_inc'` is `True` and `upper_inc` is `False`, and
- `interp` which is either `'Linear'` or `'Stepwise'`, the former being the default.

- `srid` is an integer specifying the SRID

Some examples are shown next.

```
>>> TGeogPointSeq(['Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', 'Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])
>>> TGeogPointSeq([TGeogPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TGeogPointInst('Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01'), TGeogPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')])
>>> TGeogPointSeq(['Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01', 'Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01', 'Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'], True, True, 'Stepwise')
>>> TGeogPointSeq([TGeogPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01'), TGeogPointInst('Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01'), TGeogPointInst('Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01')], True, True, 'Stepwise')
```

ComponentClass

alias of `TGeogPointInst`

class `mobilitydb.main.TGeogPointSeqSet` (*sequenceList*, *interp=None*, *srid=None*)

Bases: `mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TPointSeqSet`, `mobilitydb.main.tpoint.TGeogPoint`

Class for representing temporal geographic points of sequence subtype.

`TGeogPointSeqSet` objects can be created with a single argument of type string as in `MobilityDB`.

```
>>> TGeogPointSeqSet('{[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01], [Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]}')
>>> TGeogPointSeqSet('Interp=Stepwise;{[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01], [Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]}')
```

Another possibility is to give the arguments as follows:

- `sequenceList` is the list of composing sequences, which can be instances of `str` or `TGeogPointSeq`,
- `interp` can be `'Linear'` or `'Stepwise'`, the former being the default, and
- `srid` is an integer specifying the SRID, if will be 0 by default if not given.

Some examples are shown next.

```
>>> TGeogPointSeqSet(['[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]', '[Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]'])
>>> TGeogPointSeqSet(['[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]', '[Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]'], 'Linear')
>>> TGeogPointSeqSet(['Interp=Stepwise;[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]', 'Interp=Stepwise;[Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]', 'Stepwise'])
>>> TGeogPointSeqSet([TGeogPointSeq(['Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01']), TGeogPointSeq(['Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])])
>>> TGeogPointSeqSet([TGeogPointSeq(['Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01']), TGeogPointSeq(['Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01'])], 'Linear')
>>> TGeogPointSeqSet([TGeogPointSeq('Interp=Stepwise;[Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-01 00:00:00+01]', 'Interp=Stepwise;[Point(20.0 20.0)@2019-09-02 00:00:00+01, Point(10.0 10.0)@2019-09-03 00:00:00+01]'], 'Stepwise')
```

ComponentClass

alias of *TGeogPointSeq*

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